FROM THE RICH TO THE POOR.

Lord Hylton Shifts his Budget Burden.

COTTAGERS TO PAY HIGHER RENTS.

Lord Hylton, the owner of Kilmersdon, in North-East Somerset, has not taken long to devise means which will have the effect of making their working classes pay towards the extra burdens imposed on him by the Budget.

The village nod owns a park four miles in circumference, in which he is rolling 150ft. high, from which he can view his domain. Through his agent he has just sent to all his tenants the following letter:—

Hylton Estates Office, Kilmersdon, Bath,
April 18th, 1910.

Sir,—Owing to the great increase in taxation of late it has been found necessary to raise the cottage rents on the estate, most of which stand at the same figure as they did years ago, when the burdens on all property were much lower. If you wish to continue your tenancy at the present rent of £..... per annum, which is ..... per week, to which will be added two-thirds of the rates, as heretofore, you are requested to tear off and sign the slip attached to this letter and return it to me by May 1st.

The new rent will start from midsummer, June 24th, 1910. Please note that if I do not receive the slip signed by you on or before May 1st I shall understand that you do not wish to continue the tenancy, and the same will expire at midsummer next.—Yours faithfully, Edward Knox.

The "slip" to be detached and signed reads:—

I hereby agree to continue my tenancy on the same conditions as at present, except that the rent shall be £..... per annum instead of £..... per annum.

A "Daily Chronicle" representative who made inquiries yesterday in the district found that the increase of rent this Hylton announced varies from 6d. to 10D per cent. His principal acknowledged he has been with the usual difficulty, which could only be overcome by the promise to say nothing that could lead to the identification of the informant.

More Cottages Wanted.

A man at the Radstock end of the parish has had his rent, formerly £4 10s., doubled, while instances of a less drastic increase, such as £5 to £7 10s., or £6 to £8, are common. The initial amounts are, of course, small, but on the taxation basis the effect is reasonably comparable with that which would be experienced by the artisan dweller in the city who found his rent increased by a similar percentage.

Attention was also drawn at Charlton to a two-roomed house occupied by three persons, where the rent has been raised by £2. The cottages appear to be neither specially good nor bad of their class. They are not regarded as palaces by the tenants.

"We do our best to make them look nice," said one woman, "but to see what they really are, you ought to look at some of the houses there are on empty ones, however. More cottages are wanted, and this fact no doubt explains why Lord Hylton thinks himself in a position to raise the rents.

In Lord Hylton's strong Tory, as well as Mr. Edward Knox, his agent. And the people are not sympathetic with that point of view. There was recently a parish council election at which, in the words of a correspondent, "Conservatism and Radical 'We made a clean sweep of 'em.' The council consists of eleven members, and the 'Progressives' sent in eleven candidates. The lowest man on their list polled 30 votes, and the highest 33. The Conservatives polled 29 votes each. The Progressives' lowest polled received but thirty-five—and he, also, was Mr. Edward Knox.

The phrase in Lord Hylton's circular 'owing to the great increase in taxation of late' is much commented upon in the district. The people look at their small cottages; then they look at Lord Hylton's park and house, and they reasonably ask who is the best able to bear the increase.

It is pointed out, too, that by spending money on the maintenance of his cottages and by erecting more, if he so could do, Lord Hylton would become entitled under the Budget to a considerably increased allowance from his assessment to income tax under Schedule A. Building cottages for workmen does not appear to be his forte. At Charlton, while some eighteen or twenty have disappeared in the course of thirty years, or so, only four have been added.

The Kilmersdon schoolhead suffers because of this dearth of houses. The miners have long distances to walk to get to their work.

The circular is practically a confession that he is shifting his burdens in a magnanimous fashion on to the shoulders of the poorest people on his estate.

SIX IN A BED.

MANSFIELD WOODHOUSE PARENTS CHARGED WITH NEGLECTING THEIR CHILDREN.

Two Mansfield Woodhouse parents appeared before the Mansfield Bench, sitting at the Police-court, charged they four children in a manner likely to cause them unnecessary suffering. The defendants were Wallace Gladwin and his wife Alice, of Sherwood-street, Mansfield Woodhouse, and the prosecution was at the instance of the N.S.P.C.C.

Mr. J. Harrop White, who appeared to prosecute, said the case had been under the observation of the society since September. The three elder children were fairly well nourished, but the baby, aged one year and eight months, was ill-nourished, and up to a few days ago was five pounds less than the normal weight of a child that age. In justice to the parents he must say that no vermin was found on the children, but they were insufficiently clothed, and there was only one bed for the father, mother, and the four children. The bed was in a filthy condition and was without a blanket or covering except two old jackets. The house was also in a filthy condition. A return at the time defendant's wages for six weeks, including Easter, which was a short week, showed an average weekly wage of £1 9s. 8d. Since the summons was issued 2s. had been voluntarily added. Defendant had made an improvement as regards cleanliness, but there was still only one bed. The society had no desire to be vindictive, their object being to bring about an improvement in the condition of the children. He was prepared to suggest to the Bench that the case be adjourned for a time in order to see if the defendants would make a further improvement.

The defendant was questioned by the Bench, and the case was adjourned for a month, both defendants being warned that they must make the necessary improvement in the condition of the children and their home, otherwise they would be brought up again.

ILKESTON ASSAULT.

At Ilkeston to-day Isaac Siddons summoned George Eunion, High Holborn, Ilkeston, for assaulting him on April 16th.

The complainant said he looked after some houses at High Holborn, and on April 16th, while examining the property after a thunderstorm, the defendant remarked, "I shall pay no rent for a ——— place like this."

Witness told him to get out of the property as soon as possible, whereupon the defendant turned upon him and struck him half-a-dozen blows on the head and face.

The defendant said the complainant took off his coat and wanted to fight him, and if he had not hit the complainant the latter would have hit him.

The Bench fined the defendant 3s. and £1 1s. 6d. costs.

CRESWELL PARISH COUNCIL.

ELECTION OF CHAIRMAN, VICE-CHAIRMAN AND OVERSEERS.

The annual meeting of the Creswell Parish Council was held last evening. Mr. W. F. Bradley was elected chairman, and Mr. F. Binge vice-chairman.

Messrs. S. Evans, J.P., J. Harper and J. Eyre were reappointed the overseers. Mr. Bradley was appointed the representative of the Council for the administration of the Gisborne Charity. A precept for £280 was issued upon the overseers for the electric lighting for the year.

Mr. F. Binge announced that the Post Office authorities had granted an adequate staff so that every letter in Creswell could be delivered before 9 o'clock in the morning. (Applause.)

King Edward went for a motor ride to-day, says Reuter, and lunched at Cauterets.

The Ranelagh polo team was yesterday defeated by Maidenbrook by 6 goals to one and a half at Lake wood, states Reuter.

AN UNHAPPY HOME.

Mansfield Woodhouse Miner's Bad Habits.

LAZINESS AND GAMBLING.

Laziness and gambling were the causes of the wretchedness which existed in the home of Jasper Percy Cupit, miner, of Sheepwash-lane, Mansfield Woodhouse, the sequel being heard at the Mansfield Petty Sessions to-day, when the defendant was charged by his wife, Lily Cupit, who asked for a separation order.

Mr. R. H. Wiggins said the defendant was an ex-lance-corporal in the Grenadier Guards, and was in receipt of a pension of 6d. per day, and was also in full work at the Mansfield Colliery, where he earned 5s. 6d. a day. He had a wife and five children, but absolutely refused to maintain them. The parties were married at East Stoke, near Newark, in December, 1901, but soon after the honeymoon went to live in Sheepwash-lane, Mansfield Woodhouse, but for eight weeks the defendant had not given his wife a separation order. The children had been maintained by neighbours, and although she was down as tenant of the house, the defendant refused to come out. Her husband indulged in horse racing, and when he won she would not see a penny, get a little money, but if he lost she got nothing. On one occasion he sold a pig for 55s. He, however, lost 35s. of this, and told her that he "had put 10s. on before he started (races)."

Defendant: I have given her all the money I had; I have gambled, I know."

John Cupit, screen foreman at the Mansfield Colliery, said he was the father of the defendant, who was his cousin. Last February he helped the defendant to get work, and thus give him another chance on condition that he would reform, as gambling had been his ruin. He had remembered the 6d. per day left to his gambling habits. On the first occasion the defendant told him he had a perfect right to do as he liked with his own money. Witness had frequently called, and found the children going to the defendant's wife to carry on the home.

Inspector Beatley said he once remonstrated with the defendant. When he called at the house he found ten and seven-eighths pence in the fire.

Mr. Wiggins informed the Bench that the defendant had got through £400 obtained from his wife's friends since they had been married, but the defendant contended that this had been lost in business.

A separation order for 12s. per week was granted.

BREWERS' PROTEST.

Objection to Disgorging Extra Money Taken from the Public.

The Brewers' Society met yesterday, and unanimously resolved:—

That this meeting most strongly protests against the high revenue duty proposals of the Budget, which will fall with ruinous severity upon a trade in which the consumption of both beer and spirits is steadily declining.

An official communication says:—

The meeting was of opinion that it is desirable the public should understand the grave position in which this licensed trade will be placed on being called upon to pay the increased licence duties imposed.

"The trade is called upon to pay within a few weeks from now £2,100,000 in licence duties, in addition to the £1,000,000 already paid for the year, and in October next licence duties to the amount of over £4,000,000 will again become due."

No one would guess from this sad plaint that "the trade" has provided thousands of millions for the creaming prices to the public on the plea of this same Budget.

Now that "the trade" is taxed for the first time with the certainty of having to pay over the money to the State, we are invited to weep over the hard lot of the downtrodden brewer!

NEIGHBOURS' QUARREL.

A Derby Woman Given the Benefit of the Doubt.

The cutting and wounding charge preferred against Ellen Stone, wife of Emmanuel Stone, a cab proprietor and coal dealer, of 51, Parker-street, Derby, was heard at the Derby Borough Police Court to-day, before Messrs. A. F. Lougdon, G. Frost, and G. Shires, reduced to one of common assault upon Elizabeth Bostock, of 51, Parker-street.

The prosecutrix told the Bench that on Saturday evening last at about 7.15 p.m. she was in the yard when she saw defendant beating her daughter, and when she interfered the defendant struck her. Witness next used vile expression and told her to go away. Witness went up to the girl, and when near the door the defendant, who was just inside, struck out, and witness felt a pain in the right arm. She went into her own house and ascertained that she had a jagged wound on the right arm, in which three stitches were placed. The injury was progressing favourably, and the stitches would be removed on Friday.

In answer to Mr. J. R. Pinder, who defended, witness denied attempting to strike Mrs. Stone, or threatening her with a mincing knife. She did not catch her arm on the door latch when withdrawing it rapidly. Mrs. Stone and witness had been very good friends. At this point witness said that she did not wish to press the case, but if the defendant would consent to pay for medical attendance and loss of work—prosecutrix being employed in a mill—she would consent to the charge being withdrawn.

After a consultation with his client, Mr. Pinder said that the defendant had a desire to disprove the allegations made against her, and the case was proceeded with.

Sergeant Beltridge said that when the defendant was charged with the offence, she said "I am positive I did not do it." He found a wood bodkin produced on the table in the defendant's house. The wound on Mrs. Bostock's arm was one inch in length.

For the defence Mr. Pinder contended that the injury had been caused by the latch on the door, and an emphatic denial was given to the assertion that the defendant had a hook or anything else in her hand.

The defendant said that her little girl had collected 2s. for coal from the prosecutrix and when she asked for it, the girl refused to hand it over, and when she rebuked her, Mrs. Bostock interfered and struck to get into the house. When she struck out witness tried to close the door and the prosecutrix must have caught her arm on the door when she withdrew it. She denied having anything in her hand.

Ellen Mary Stone, the defendant's daughter, gave corroborative evidence.

The Bench dismissed the case, the defendant being given the benefit of the doubt.

VILLAGE EPIDEMIC.

DIPTHERIA OUTBREAK ATTRIBUTED TO INFECTION IN THE SOIL.

The pretty little village of Markyate, thirty miles from London on the Chester road, the place where so many motor accidents have occurred, is suffering from a serious epidemic of diphtheria. Five people have died recently, and cases are continually being sent to the isolation hospital, no fewer than ten having been removed this week.

All but two of the patients have been children, and so anxious are the parents becoming that the streets are entirely deserted by the youngsters.

Experts attribute the outbreak of infection in the soil. Markyate has no system of drainage. It has been noticed that when the ground has been opened for laying the mains of a new water service a black-looking layer appears in places.

WHIST DRIVE AT SHIREBROOK.

A whist drive was held in the Shirebrook Council Schools last evening, in connection with the Swifts' Football Club. There were about 50 present. Winners: Ladies: 1, Mrs. Warriner (174); 2, Mrs. Lowes (174); 3, Mrs. Bayley (167). Gentlemen: 1, Mr. Chubby (179); 2, Mr. Brewster (177); 3, Mr. Corby (176).

A PUZZLED TORY.

A Tirade on the "Benign Imbecility" of his Party.

A "Puzzled Imperialist," who says that he takes politics "perhaps foolishly" as something serious, writes to the "Morning Post" with regard to the query:—"What is the national policy?" He has some nice things to say, and here are a few choice specimens of his epistolary remarks:—

"The Unionist Party ..... seem to regard the ruinous, unreserving, self-seeking policy of the Cabinet with a kind of benign imbecility, with a complacency which can be born only of an incapability to grasp and appreciate a dangerous situation."

"Saints preserve us from another Anti-Budget League."

"A few vapid ventilres in the North to Conservative clubs is the sum total of opposition energy."

"Surely the present is the time for a straightforward explanation of Unionist policy, if Unionism has one; if it has not, let way be made for a new party of tried Tariff Reformers."

Then follow a long string of questions:—

"What is our land policy?"

"What is our policy as regards beet sugar and an excise duty?"

"What is our Second Chamber policy?"

and so on. No wonder the poor gentleman is puzzled, and we do not even expect that if he sent a marked copy of the "Morning Post" to Mr. Balfour he would get an answer to his questions. That's the worst of it. Even Liberals regret that Toryism is in such a muddled condition. We would like something straightforward and honest to fight.

CHILD HOUSEBREAKER.

A Thirteen-Year-Old Skegby Girl Bound Over.

The story of how a juvenile housebreaker robbed a widow was told at the Mansfield Petty Sessions to-day, when Annie Lawson, a thirteen-year-old girl, of Skegby, was charged with stealing a lady's silver watch, two silver brooches, a purse, a copper token, and eight shillings in money, together of the value of 35s., the property of Hannah Clayton, a widow, of Skegby.

The evidence showed that the prosecutrix left home on Sunday afternoon, leaving her son in the house. She returned home on the following Tuesday, and as the result of what she told her she examined the house, and missed the articles and money mentioned from various rooms.

Joseph Clayton, a jeweller's apprentice, said he left home on Monday morning after seeing the house properly locked up. When he returned he found that the scullery window had been smashed and the backdoor unbolted.

Police-sergeant Billings, who investigated the case, said that on the window sill of the scullery window he found a broken poker (produced), and also discovered that a large pane had been broken and taken out of the window frame. Later he saw the defendant, who when questioned denied any knowledge of the affair. Subsequently she said "It is quite true. I broke the window and got into the house and went all through it; you will find the things in Mrs. Clayton's drawers." Witness added that he went there and found the things on a ledge. He also saw the mother, who said that she found 2s. 10d. underneath the girl's bed.

Questioned, witness said she spent one shilling, but lost 4s. 2d. through a hole in her pocket.

The defendant was bound over to be of good behaviour for twelve months, and was placed under the supervision of the probation officer for that period.

HEANOR ODDFELLOWS.

MEETING OF THE KING OF PRUSSIA LODGE.

A special meeting of the Loyal King of Prussia Lodge of the I.O.O.F. (M.U.) was held at Heanor to-day, and in October next licence duties to the amount of over £4,000,000 will again become due."

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A VICAR'S OUTBURST.

Vigorous Attack on Parsons who are "Bread and Butter Men."

The silence of his brother clergy over his election as a district councillor and Poor-law Guardian moves the Rev. A. M. Mitchell, vicar of Burtonwood, to an expression of his feelings in the parish magazine.

In connection with the numerous congratulations which he has received, he points out that it is remarkable that not one from a member of the cloth. "Not one parson, dignified or undignified, in the Rural Deanery of Winwick has expressed a word of pleasure or gratification at the victory of civic righteousness so near their own parishes.

"Only one conclusion is possible—the clergy in this particular part of the diocese are still the faithful and devoted satellites and ardent admirers of the drink makers and drink sellers, whose subscriptions to church funds guarantee the clergy at the moment that the assertion and triumph of temperance principles. Clerical sympathy is seldom on the side of progress. The parson as a bread-and-butter man is much more familiar than the parson as a Christian reformer."

In advising that nothing in the way of public duties should be done without the help and advice of the people, Mr. Mitchell says that one of the early Christian writers gave the clergy of his day the advice, "Do nothing without the bishops."

"That was when bishops were bishops indeed," the vicar adds, "when the office of overseer in the Church of God was the highest honour of all, when the shepherds of the flock did not live in palaces, nor drive swagger motors, and were not expected to be 'my-lorded' whenever spoken to."

WOMAN CHARGED.

Alleged Libel on a Roman Catholic Priest.

At Sutton to-day Mrs. Annie Tugwell (43) was remanded for a week charged on a warrant with unlawfully publishing a defamatory libel concerning Henry Taylor Cafferata, a Roman Catholic priest.

The solicitor for the Treasury said the case was a very grave one.

A police-inspector said he arrested the prisoner yesterday morning. She said in reply, "I never did such a thing. I know nothing about it." She wrote an anonymous letter in my life. This is a Catholic conspiracy." When the warrant was read to her and when she was charged she again said she knew nothing about it.

The prisoner interrupted the witness's evidence by saying, "You know I have not done it. There is nothing against me."

The solicitor for the prisoner asked the inspector whether every pressure had been brought to bear by Mrs. Tugwell with Scotland Yard in get to the bottom of the business, and the witness agreed, adding that the police had also pressed the matter.

COST OF A NEW SCHOOL.

Tender Accepted by the Nottingham Education Committee.

A meeting of the Nottingham Education Committee was held at the offices, South Parade, last evening, amongst those present being Ald. J. Coates (chairman), Ald. E. H. Wells, Messrs. Samuel Oman), Miss Bulford, Miss Haywood, Rev. F. J. Brady, Principal D. L. Ritchie, Aid. Sir J. T. McGrath, Councillors F. Ball, H. Bowles, H. G. Ford, E. Gutteridge, G. B. Hewson, A. G. Hind, J. Marlow, E. Mellor, W. E. Morris, E. Richards, J. Fycroft, H. Spray, B. A. Young, Messrs. A. Armitage, V. C. Buckingham, H. Grundy, and J. Kerwood.

A letter was read from Mr. D. McCraith resigning his position on the committee.

The Clerk announced that Empire Day flags had been presented to Bramcote Hills School by Mr. J. T. Spalding; Stanley-road, Mr. F. N. Hobson; London Trust School, the Mayor; Ruth-street, Captain Morrison, M.P.; Bar-road boulevard, Mr. J. H. Player. Nine flags had been previously given. A vote of thanks to the donors was passed.

It was decided, on the recommendation of the Elementary Sub-Committee, to appoint a third-class clerk, salary £50, rising to £60, to assist the committee's inspectors, whose work has now become so large as to occupy time which should be spend in school organisation.

The Buildings Sub-Committee reported that they had received 13 tenders for the erection of the new school at Hayden-road, and they recommended the committee to accept the tender of £4,278.

Mr. F. Ball said this was a smaller cost per head than had been undertaken for any other school in the city.—The report was adopted.

The Finance Committee reported in reference to the school savings banks that the total balance standing to the credit of depositors on March 31st was £5,349 9s. 4d., as compared with £5,535 7s. 2d. during the corresponding period last year.—Mr. E. Mellor mentioned that the committee finished the year with a credit balance of £2,339.—The report was adopted.

The school attendance for the three months of the quarter, it was reported by the School Attendance Sub-Committee, was 87,764 in January, on the roll 42,464, attendance 36,760; February, on roll 42,369, attendance 37,764; and March, on roll 42,420, attendances 37,339.

The sub-committee recommended the appointment of Dr. Gill, who had done valuable work as hon. secretary of the After Care Committee, as examiner of defective and epileptic children about to be removed to homes under the Elementary Education Children Act, 1899. The number of cases dealt with was very small, and the fee was 3s. per child examined.

During the month 2,000 children belonging to 137 families had been fed, the meals supplied being 7,345 breakfasts and 7,412 dinners. The total cost had been £127 14s. 7d., as compared with £106 18s. 9d. the previous month. The average cost per meal was 2.08d., and per child 6s. 8.7d.

The reports were adopted.

BYE-LAWS IGNORED.

A SUTTON-IN-ASHFIELD BUILDER FINED £5 AND COSTS.

A Sutton-in-Ashfield builder, named Joseph Padgett, appeared before the Mansfield Bench to-day (Alld. T. Taylor in the chair) charged with erecting a house with contravention of the bye-laws of the Sutton-in-Ashfield Urban Council.

Mr. J. D. Fidler, clerk to the Council, conducted the prosecution, and called William Oliver Burn, surveyor, who stated that the defendant had built two houses in Lucknow-drive, the party-wall of which was not bonded in accordance with the bye-laws. During the erection of the houses the attention was drawn to the matter by the surveyor, but on April 18th he went to the houses and was astonished to find that the houses were occupied, without any notice having been given to the surveyor. This constituted the second breach of the bye-laws.

For the first offence the defendant was fined £3 and costs, and for the second £2 and costs.

ELDERLY ILKESTON THIEF.

Frederick Wheatcroft, an elderly man, was to-day at Ilkeston charged on remand with stealing a vest value 10s. 6d., and certain remnants of cloth, value 10s., the property of Mr. Josiah Sutton, tailor, Bath-street, Ilkeston.

The defendant was in the employ of the prosecutor, and the waistcoat was missed from the workroom, and was recovered from Preston's pawnshop, an assistant identifying the prisoner as the man who pledged it for 2s. 6d.

Prisoner was sentenced to 14 days' imprisonment for each offence, to run consecutively.

MINIATURE RIFLE SHOOTING

SNEINTON v. PEARCE AND CO.

An Alliance match was fired yesterday on the Sneinton R.C. range, resulting in a win for Pearce and Co. by 11 points. The conditions were ten shots, eight to count, on six bull's eyes, inners, and outers.

Sneinton.		Pearce and Co.	
R. Tootell	96	C. J. Sedbell	90
G. J. Stephenson	85	H. Ward	93
Mee	94	Farrand	96
J. W. Cook	94	F. J. Beard	88
R. Towers	87	D. Mee	93
P. H. Simpson	87	A. K. Sills	88
D. C. Kennedy	94	W. Lister	87
W. H. Townsend	94	W. E. Hall	85
I. S. Walker	88	F. S. Mason	80
E. Plummer	80	F. Fletcher	93
Gross total	881	Gross total	887
Counted outs	165	Counted outs	138
Net total	688	Net total	749

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

BANK RATE TO-DAY	4 per cent.
Last changed March 17 1910 from	3 per cent.
Corresponding period last year	3 per cent.
Consols	April 6 ... May 5
Making-up Days—Mines	April 15 ... April 29
" —General	April 15 ... April 29
Ticket Days—Mines	April 15 ... April 28
" —General	April 15 ... April 29
Account Days	April 18 ... April 29

Yesterday's TO-DAY'S PRICES

	Closing Prices.		After Time.	
Consols Cash	81¼	81⅜	5 45	Off fm.

AMERICANS, &c.

Atchisons	104	11⅛	115⅛	... ...
Canadas	153	153	153	... ...
Eries	30	31	30	... ...
Pennsylvania	56	56	56	... ...
New York Central	134	135	135	... ...
Ontario	45	46	45	... ...
Pennsylvania	49	49	49	... ...
Southern Pacifics	129	129	129	... ...
do. Common	31	31	31	... ...
Unions	184	19	18	... ...
do. Pref.	84	84	84	... ...
Trunk Ordinary	25	26	26	... ...
do. 3rd do.	25	25	25	... ...

HOME RAILS.

London & Brighton A	90	90	91	... ...
Caledonian Def.	124	124	124	... ...
do. Pref.	174	174	174	... ...
Great Northern Def.	85	85	85	... ...
London & Chatham Unit	74	74	74	... ...
do. Deferred	32	32	32	... ...
Great Eastern	65	65	65	... ...
North Eastern	140	140	140	... ...
North British Def.	71	71	71	... ...
North-Eastern	131	131	131	... ...
Great Western	113	113	113	... ...
London & S.W.	134	134	134	... ...
Lancashire & Yorks.	151	151	151	... ...
Midland Def.	88	88	88	... ...

FOREIGN, &c.

Central Argentine	98	98	98	... ...
Leopoldina	69	69	69	... ...
Buenos Ayres Pacifics	104	104	104	... ...
B.A. Great Southern	122	122	122	... ...
Mexican Ord.	42	42	42	... ...
do. 1st Pref.	82	82	82	... ...
Russian 4 p.c. 1889	87	87	87	... ...
Japanese 4 p.c. 1899	90	90	90	... ...
Rio Tintos	74	74	73	... ...
Anaconda	8	8	8	... ...
Argentine Ord.	19	19	19	... ...
Hudson Bays	110	109	108	... ...
Pekin	24	24	23	... ...

MINES.

De Beers	14	15	15	... ...
Rands	14	14	14	15 ...
Anglo-French	2	2	2	... ...
Wolhuters	4	4	4	... ...
Geduld	24	24	24	... ...
East Rands	5	5	5	5 ...
Randfonteins	2	2	2	2 ...
Rand Mines	32	32	32	... ...
African Farms	25	25	25	... ...
Crown Reefs	2	2	2	... ...
Wit Deep	11	11	11	11 ...
Langlaagtes	11	11	11	11 ...
Langanyika	1	1	1	1 ...
Goldfields	5	5	5	5 ...
Johnnies	3	3	3	3 ...
Rhodesian Exploration	2	2	2	... ...
Faure Mines	7	7	7	... ...
Nigel Deep	2	2	2	... ...
Ashanti	4	4	4	... ...
Bantjedis	2	2	2	... ...
Esperanza	2	2	2	... ...
Rand Mutuals	2	2	2	... ...
Ferreira Deep	2	2	2	... ...
Ferreira Block A	3	3	3	... ...
Gold Coast	4	4	4	4 ...

MISCELLANEOUS.

Shell Transport	8	8	8	... ...
Spies	3	3	3	... ...
Anglo Malay	2	2	2	... ...
Mabors Forest	4	4	4	... ...
Highlands & Lowlands	2	2	2	... ...
Allagar	8	8	8	... ...
Panama Para	2	2	2	... ...
Straits (Bestram)	1	1	1	... ...
Lingga	6	6	6	... ...
Mexican	4	4	4	... ...
Val D'Or	7	7	7	... ...

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TO-DAY'S MARKETS.

COTTON.

LIVERPOOL, Thursday.—Opening report:—Spot sales, 8,000 bales; market dull; quiet; prices unchanged. Yesterday's closes, and prices: May-June, 7.61d.; July-August, 7.66d.; August-September, 7.71d.; September-October, 6.78d.; October-November, 6.34d.; November-December, 6.30d.; December-January (Buyers), 6.84d. Later: May-June, 7.58d.

Second report:—Spot sales, 8,000 bales; middling Egyptian, 10d.; American, without change in quotations; middling, fair Egyptian, 10d.; good, 9.80d.; fully middling, 9.72d.; strict, good, 9.64d. Later: May-June, 7.56d.

American futures, without change in quotations; middling, fair Egyptian, 10d.; good, 9.80d.; fully middling, 9.72d.; strict, good, 9.64d. Futures, dull market, 1½ to 3½ points lower. Later: May-June, 7.56d.; July-August, 7.60d.; August-September, 6.78d.; September-October, 6.78d.; October-November, 6.34d.; November-December, 6.30d.; December-January (Buyers), 6.84d. Later: May-June, 7.56d.

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WOOL.

BRADFORD, Thursday.—Merinos and fine cross-breds remain very firm, and there is a very healthy consumption of these descriptions. Medium and coarse breds are steady. There has certainly been more inquiry for the stronger and coarser descriptions in Bradford, but there is a natural depression on the part of those who have to make up matters down in view of the opening of the sales next week.

CATTLE.

LONDON, Thursday.—Deptford: Receipts 30, a decrease of 10 cows. No bullocks. Fat cows, 3s. 4d. to 3s. 8d.; bulls, 3s. 2d. to 3s. 6d. Milch cows nominal, five offered. Sheep 160, a decrease of 90; very dull. Best Downs, 5s. 2d. to 5s. 4d.; best longs, 5s. to 5s. 2d.; best half-breds, 5s. to 5s. 2d.; best Kents, 5s. 2d. to 5s. 4d. per stone. Calves unquoted, 15 offered.

MEAT.

LONDON, Thursday.—Beef steady; Scotch long sides, 4s. 2d. to 4s. 8d.; short sides, 4s. 6d. to 4s. 8d.; English sides, 3s. 6d. to 4s. 4d.; and Fred Lockwood. Frozen beef, 3s. 4d. to 4s. 0d.; American hindquarters, 2s. 8d. to 3s. 8d.; forequarters, 2s. 4d. to 2s. 6d.; Canadian, 3s. 4d. to 3s. 8d.; Argentine, 3s. 4d. to 4s. 4d.; wethers, 4s. 10d. to 5s. 2d.; ewes, 4s. 6d. to 4s. 8d.; Australian, 3s. 4d. to 3s. 8d.; New Zealand, 3s. 4d. to 3s. 8d.; New Zealand, 2s. 7d. to 3s. 10d.

FISH.

BILLINGSGATE, Thursday.—Supply fair, demand good. Turbot, 15s. to 17s.; brill, 8s. to 10s.; halibut, 8s.; lemon sole, 2s. to 3s.; English plaice, 1s. to 2s.; Dutch, 2s. to 2s. 6d. per stone. English salmon, 1s. 4d.; Scottish, 1s. 10d.; trish, 1s. 10d.; soles, 1s. to 1s. 6d.; skips, 1s. 6d. to 1s. 10d.; mullet, 1s. 6d. to 2s.; Channel grayling, 1s. 6d. to 2s.; gurnet, 1s.; bake, 1s.; skate, 1s.; cod, 1s. to 1s. 6d. per box. Large salmon haddocks 2½s., small 1½s. per trunk.

PRODUCE.

LONDON, Thursday.—Opening report:—Sugar: Home refined steady, unaltered. German granulated firm; French steady, unaltered. Beet, spot, 9s. 3d.; May, 9s. 4½d.; August, 14s. 9d. to 14s. 9½d.; October-sellers, 11s. 9d.; October-buyers, 11s. 10½d.; December-sellers, 11s. 9d.; December-buyers, 11s. 10½d.; January-sellers, 12s.; July, 15s. 10½d.; September, 11s. 9d.; December, 9s. 10½d. Linseed: Spot, 23s. 9d. Crude cotton, 33s. 9d.; refined, 32s. to 32s. 3d. Crude Cocoa report:—Sugar: Home refined, steady. Germans firm; French steady, unaltered. Beet, spot, 9s. 3d.; May, 9s. 4½d.; August, 14s. 9d. to 14s. 9½d.; October-sellers, 11s. 9d.; October-buyers, 11s. 10½d.; December-sellers, 11s. 9d.; December-buyers, 11s. 10½d.; January-sellers, 12s.; July, 15s. 10½d.; September, 11s. 9d.; December, 9s. 10½d. Linseed: Spot, 23s. 9d. Crude cotton, 33s. 9d.; refined, 32s. to 32s. 3d. Crude Cocoa report:—Sugar: Home refined, steady. Germans firm; French steady, unaltered. Beet, spot, 9s. 3d.