Hillside Rural Activities Park CHILD PROTECTION POLICY

Hillside Rural Activities Park is a charitable company established for the benefit of the local community. Its core activity is the provision of facilities for use by various sports clubs, scout groups and the local agriculural show.

POLICY STATEMENT ON SAFEGUARDING CHILDREN

This organisation recognises that all children have a right to protection from abuse. The Hillside Rural Activities Park takes seriously its responsibility to protect and safeguard the welfare of children and young children.

We will:-

• Respond swiftly and appropriately to all suspicions or allegations of abuse, and provide parents and children with the opportunity to voice their concerns

- \cdot Have a system for dealing with concerns about possible abuse
- \cdot Maintain good links with statutory child care authorities.

THE POLICY

Hillside Rural Activities Park recognises that many children and young people today are the victims of neglect, and physical, sexual and emotional abuse. Accordingly we have adopted the policy contained in this document (hereafter "the policy"). The policy sets out agreed guidelines relating to responding to allegations of abuse, including those made against staff and volunteers. Hillside Rural Activities Park recognises the need to build constructive links with the child care agencies. These guidelines have been prepared in accordance with the North Yorkshire Safeguarding Children Board Procedures. They will be kept under review and be supported by appropriate training.

The policy applies to all staff and volunteers who act on behalf of the organisation and who come directly into contact with children. Every individual has a responsibility to inform the designated person in respect of child protection or their deputy of concerns relating to safeguarding children. The designated person must decide if the concerns should be communicated to Children's Social Care or the police.

DEFINITIONS OF ABUSE

PHYSICAL ABUSE

Somebody may abuse or neglect a child by inflicting harm, or by failing to act to prevent harm. Children may be abused in a family or in an institution or community setting; by those known to them, or more rarely by a stranger. Physical abuse may involve hitting, shaking, throwing, poisoning, burning or scalding, drowning, suffocating, or otherwise causing physical harm to a child. Physical harm may also be caused when a parent carer feigns the symptoms of, or deliberately causes ill health to a child whom they are looking after.

EMOTIONAL ABUSE

Emotional abuse is the persistent emotional ill treatment of a child such as to cause severe and persistent adverse effects on the child's emotional development. It may involve conveying to the children that they are worthless or unloved, inadequate, or valued only insofar as they meet the need of another person. It may involve causing children frequently to feel frightened or in danger, other exploitation or corruption of children. Some level of emotional abuse is involved in all types of ill treatment of a child, though it may occur alone.

SEXUAL ABUSE

Sexual abuse involves forcing or enticing a child or young person to take part in sexual activities, whether or not the child is aware of what is happening. The activities may involve physical contact, including penetrative (e.g. rape or buggery) or non-penetrative acts.

They may include non-contact activities such as involving children in looking at, or in the production of, pornographic material or watching sexual activities, or encouraging children to behave in sexually inappropriate ways.

NEGLECT

Neglect is the persistent failure to meet a child's basic physical and/or psychological needs, likely to result in the serious impairment of the child's health or development. It may involve a parent or carer failing to provide adequate food shelter and clothing, failing to protect a child from physical harm, or danger or the failure to ensure address to appropriate medical care or treatment. It may also include neglect of, or unresponsiveness, to a child's basic emotion.

WHAT YOU SHOULD DO IF YOU SUSPECT ABUSE

1. You must report concerns as soon as possible to the designated child protection person Mrs Judith Harrison who is nominated by HRAP to act on their behalf in referring allegations of suspicions of neglect or abuse to the statutory authorities. In the absence of the designated child protection person, the matter should be brought to the attention of the deputy designated child protection person Mrs Claire Keast. If it is an emergency, and the designated persons cannot be contacted, then Children's Social Care or the police should be contacted at the numbers given below.

2. If the suspicions relate to the designated person, then the deputy or Children's Social Care should be contacted.

3. Suspicions should not be discussed with anyone, other than those named above.

4. It is the right of any individual to make direct referrals to the child protection agencies. We would hope that an individual would use this procedure. However, if you feel that the organisation has not responded appropriately to your concerns, it is open to you to contact the child protection agencies direct.

ALLEGATIONS OF PHYSICAL INJURY, EMOTIONAL ABUSE OR NEGLECT

If a child has an injury which may be a non-accidental injury, or symptoms of neglect and a referral is to be made then:

1. The designated person should contact Children's Social Care. If there has been a deliberate injury or where there are concerns about the child's safety the child's parents should not be contacted before first consulting with Children's Social Care.

2. Where emergency medical attention is necessary it should be sought immediately. The designated person should inform the doctor of any suspicion of abuse.

3. If a referral is being made without the parent's knowledge and non urgent medical treatment is required, Children's Social Care should be informed. Otherwise, speak to the parent/carer and suggest medical attention be sought for the child.

4. If appropriate the parent/carer should be encouraged to seek help from Children's Social Care prior to a referral being made. If they fail to do so in situations of real concern the designated person will contact Children's Social Care directly for advice.

ALLEGATIONS OF SEXUAL ABUSE

In the event of allegations of sexual abuse the designated person will:

 Contact Children's Social Care or Child Abuse Investigation Team Police directly. The designated person will not speak to the parents.
Under no circumstances should the designated person, or any other member of the organisation, attempt to carry out any investigation into the allegations or suspicions of sexual abuse. The role of the designated person is to collect the exact details of the allegations or suspicion and to provide this information to the child protection agencies that will investigate the matter under the Children Act 1989.

WHAT TO DO ONCE A CHILD HAS TALKED TO YOU ABOUT ABUSE

1. Make a note immediately of what the child has said, writing down exactly what the child has said, write down what you said in reply, when they said it and what was happening immediately beforehand. Record dates and times of the events and when the record was made. Keep all notes secure.

 Report your discussion as soon as possible to the designated person.
Once a child has talked about abuse, the designated person must consider if it is safe for a child to return home to a potentially abusive situation. On a rare occasion it might be necessary to take immediate action to contact Children's Social Care and/or the police to discuss putting into effect safety measures for the child so that they do not return home

4. The designated child protection person will keep records of all child protection concerns and will report back to the management committee only with appropriate details as and when such instances occur.

5. Allegations against staff or volunteers will be investigated. Where there are concerns that a child has been put in danger of abuse, or has suffered abuse owing to the actions of a member of staff or volunteer Children's Social Care or the police will be contacted. Details of any allegation which has not resulted in a referral will be kept securely in the same way as described in 4 above.

CONTACT DETAILS

DESIGNATED CHILD	Mrs Judith Harrison, tel. 01845 537675
PROTECTION PERSON	
DEPUTY DESIGNATED CHILD	Mrs Claire Keast, tel. 01845 537506
PROTECTION PERSON	
NORTH YORKSHIRE	08458 727374
CHILDREN'S SOCIAL CARE	
NORTH YORKSHIRE POLICE,	0845 6060247
ASK FOR CHILD ABUSE	
INVESTIGATION TEAM	