COVID-19 Return to Ringing Assessment Sample Form

How to use this sample assessment.



This has been put together to compliment the guidance notes produced by the Central Council, which can be found here: https://cccbr.org.uk/coronavirus/

Firstly, please do not be put off by the size of this. It is intended to cover many scenarios that may exist within the guild. Not every line will apply to your tower. Consider your tower's environment and then use the lines that are nearest to your situation to give you ideas as to actions you might be able to implement. Similar lines are highlighted alternately, to help with readability.

Remember that you can have as many actions for a particular hazard as necessary. Remember that several small actions can be both easier to implement and may be more effective than a single large scale action.

Always check that the action you are proposing does not introduce other physical hazards. One example might be in ventilation; having a fan perched on a window sill may well increase the ventilation, but does it now come with a trailing cable as a trip hazard, and can the fan easily fall off the window sill and hit someone? Another is if you use a rope as an aid to ascending or descending a spiral staircase. It could be subject to multiple people using it, so removing it might reduce the cross contamination risk. However you should consider that spiral staircases are often slightly worn and that falling down a staircase can cause considerable injury. In which case it may be better, on balance, to leave the rope in position and for only people who need to use it to do so. Always keep general safety in mind.

When we discuss ventilation, we are wanting to bring fresh air into the chamber, and move the stale air out – not merely move around the air that is in the space. Ideally you will have 2 openings, one bringing fresh air in, the other allowing the existing air to leave. Think about the flow of air through the room and how you can ventilate the whole space. This should be a gentle breeze, not a howling gale; we do not want to cause missed sallies as they've just been blown across the room!

We have not indicated a risk scoring, this will be specific to your tower's circumstances and will be your assessment of the perceived risk. These are often best completed as a team, as you can bounce ideas around, rather than the identification of hazards and possible actions having to come from one person. Different people may see different things that an individual may miss.

Take into account your ringers. When assessing if there are points on the stairs that are difficult, or require use of a handrail, don't use your youngest, fittest, most gazelle like ringer! They probably can spring up the stairs in a single bound; some of the rest of us need a little bit more help.

There is help available, you are not on your own. If it would help to talk it through we can do that. If you're really struggling, a visit can be arranged to help you with it. This should enable you to take a considered approach to returning to ringing, it should not form a hurdle of itself.

We hope that this helps, PDGCBR Exec.

COVID-19 Return to Ringing Assessment Sample Form This is a list of many variations that can occur to act as prompts when completing the form for your tower and is an additional risk assessment relating to risks of COVID-19, it should be read as an addition to the tower general risk assessment. **Name of Organisation** Assessment undertaken by **Address** Postcode Area assessed Date **Risk Details** Under "additional controls" you should note the additional measures that are needed to reduce the risk to an acceptable level, who should be putting them in to place and when they have been implemented. IR = Infection Risk: 1 = perceived low risk. No action may be required; 2 = perceived medium risk. Action recommended; 3 = Perceived high risk. Action required Hazards / Done **Description / Existing Controls** IR Additional controls Who When Date Risks **(√) Entering the Church** Consider your access to the church. Are you using the same doors and routes as for other people? Do you have a separate access to the tower (external door)? Do you share a key with other people, or do the ringers have their own key? Is there a fire or intruder alarm that needs to be disabled by keypad? How many other people will be using the light switches? Are there likely to be other users present while you are ringing? N/A Keys (church Keys are held and used by a single person None needed. N/A N/A and /or tower) Keys need to be obtained from the key holder, or Keys should be sanitised between Keys (church and /or storage location (potentially multiple users) uses by different individuals. tower) Keys need to be obtained from the key holder Key holder will open the church – Keys (church (potentially multiple users) single contact with keys (reduce and /or number and frequency of contacts) tower) Have additional keys cut (if feasible) Keys (church Keys need to be obtained from the key holder or storage location (potentially multiple users) to allocate keys to each necessary and /or user (reduce number and frequency tower) of contacts) Padlock on church gate/door etc (potentially multiple **Padlock** Padlocks can be sanitised on a

users)

regular basis, as part of the church's

		cleaning regime – must be		
- II I		documented		
Padlock	Padlock on church gate/door etc (potentially multiple	Padlock to be unlocked in the		
	users)	morning and locked in the evening by		
		the same person, or by limited		
		number of identified people (reduce		
		number and frequency of contacts)		
		(note – other risks of leaving the		
		padlock unlocked to be reviewed)		
Padlock	Padlock on tower door/access – Padlock only used by	Potentially none needed, depending		
	ringers and those accessing the tower, limited	on access frequency		
	number and frequency of contacts.			
Padlock	Padlock on tower door/access	Padlocks can be sanitised on a		
		regular basis, as part of the church's		
		cleaning regime – must be		
		documented		
Fire and	Key fob system, one on the tower keys. Key fob is	None needed.		
intruder	held and used by a single person			
alarm				
Fire and	Touch pad system, contact by multiple users in a	Touch pad can be sanitised on a		
intruder	day/week	regular basis, as part of the church's		
alarm		cleaning regime – must be		
		documented		
Fire and	Touch pad system, contact by multiple users in a	Alarm system to be turned on in the		
intruder	day/week	morning and off in the evening by the		
alarm		same person, or by limited number of		
		identified people (reduce number		
		and frequency of contacts)		
Door handles	Door handle touched by multiple people as enter and	Can the door be left ajar? Meaning		
(etc) and	exit the church	only the first/last person has to touch		
touch points		the door handle?		
Door handles	Door handle touched by multiple people as enter and	Can ringers meet and enter as a small		
(etc) and	exit the church	group? Only opening the door once		
touch points				
Door handles	Door handle touched by multiple people as enter and	Door handles and touch points can		
(etc) and	exit the church	be sanitised on a regular basis, as		
touch points				
to son points				

		wort of the abundle alonging regime		
		part of the church's cleaning regime		
		– must be documented		
Door handles	Door handle touched by multiple people as enter and	Sanitiser provided inside, such that		
(etc) and	exit the church	hands can be sanitised after touching		
touch points		multiple use touch points		
Light switches	Light switches touched by multiple people in the	Light switches sanitised on a regular		
	course of a day/week	basis, as part of the church's cleaning		
		regime – must be documented		
Light switches	Light switches touched by multiple people in the	Lights to be turned on in the morning		
	course of a day/week	and off in the evening by the same		
		person, or by limited number of		
		identified people (reduce number		
		and frequency of contacts)		
Access and	Dedicated access not through the church – no other	None required over and above the		
other church	people likely to access the same space or be present.	remainder of this assessment		
users	propriority to access the same space of the process.			
Access and	Access through the church	Follow the church's one way system		
other church	7.00000 0.110 0.1010 0.1010	(if in place) when accessing the		
users		ringing chamber via the church		
Access and	Access through the church, no one else likely to be in	Route and touch points sanitised on a		
other church	when ringers arriving and leaving	regular basis, as part of the church's		
users	When thingers arriving and leaving	cleaning regime – must be		
uscis		documented		
Access and	Access through the church, likely to be occupied (for	Route for access to be defined, taking		
other church	example in a day time practice or service ringing)	into account numbers and needs of		
	example in a day time practice of service finging)	other users present.		
users	Access the records the above he likely to be a conviced (for	·		
Access and	Access through the church, likely to be occupied (for	Staggered entrance arrangements		
other church	example in a day time practice or service ringing)			
users				
Access and	Access through the church, likely to be occupied (for	Ensure social distancing between		
other church	example in a day time practice or service ringing)	those of different households.		
users				
Access and	Ringing in the chancel crossing/ground floor tower	Consider barriers to prevent non		
other church	open to the church	ringers accessing area all the time/		
users		when ringing in progress.		

Access and	Ringing in the chancel crossing/ground floor tower	Touch points sanitised on a regular		
other church	open to the church	basis, as part of the church's cleaning		
users		regime – must be documented		
Access and	Ringing takes place in a route into church	Can an alternative entrance be made		
other church		available to minimise traffic?		
users				
Access and	Ringing takes place in a route into church	Consider barriers to prevent non		
other church		ringers accessing area when ringing		
users		in progress.		
Access and	Ringing takes place in a route into church	Touch points sanitised on a regular		
other church		basis, as part of the church's cleaning		
users		regime – must be documented		
Ringers				
	s coming to ring, what age group and health status are yo	our ringers		
Health status	Those from at risk groups (be that on grounds of age,	Have an honest and open		
particularly at	lung or existing medical condition that may increase	conversation with those ringers. They		
risk groups	the severity of infection)	should not feel obliged to ring if they		
		feel it would be best for their health		
		to remain at home. If they choose to		
		ring, that is their decision, as long as		
		the tower has made them aware of		
		the risks that exist. Share this		
		assessment with them.		
Health status	Coughing or sneezing during ringing causing either an	If the environment tends to		
	increased infection risk or a ringer trying to catch the	encourage coughs or sneezes		
	cough/sneeze and losing control	(particularly dusty for example)		
		consider how to control this		
Health status	Coughing or sneezing during ringing causing either an	Consider telling ringers to stop,		
	increased infection risk or a ringer trying to catch the	rather than cough or sneeze in an		
	cough/sneeze and losing control	unconstrained way.		
Health status	Coughing or sneezing during ringing causing either an	Consider if someone prone to coughs		
	increased infection risk or a ringer trying to catch the	or sneezes would be the best choice		
	cough/sneeze and losing control	of ringer to invite		
Health status	Coughing or sneezing during ringing causing either an	Consider requesting ringers to wear a		
	increased infection risk or a ringer trying to catch the	face covering to minimise presence		
	cough/sneeze and losing control	of virus in the atmosphere		

Symptoms	Those displaying symptoms – infection risk	Ensure that no-one with Covid 19 symptoms comes ringing. A checklist of questions is suggested, anyone answering in the positive should not		
Symptoms	Those displaying symptoms – infection risk	be ringing. Anyone displaying symptoms should not attend ringing until the 14 days self isolation period has expired		
Symptoms	Those who should be self isolating due to symptoms	Ensure that no-one who has been in contact with someone displaying symptoms comes ringing		
Symptoms	Those who should be self isolating due to proximity to a known contact	Ensure that no-one who has been informed that they have been in contact with a positive tested person comes ringing		
Symptoms	Those who subsequently display symptoms – infection risk	Ensure that anyone who displays symptoms within 7 days informs ringing master and that they inform all ringers who were present.		
Hygiene	Spitting or licking hands to improve grip. Cross contamination risk	It's disgusting. Seriously, stop it.		
Hygiene	Spitting or licking hands to improve grip. Cross contamination risk	If grip is a problem, consider provision of liquid chalk or other grip aid, such as those used in climbing or weightlifting. These cause minimal damage to ropes.		
Hygiene	Maintain good hygiene to avoid cross contamination	If a hand washing facility is available, encourage each ringer to wash their hands before and after ringing.		
Hygiene	Maintain good hygiene to avoid cross contamination	Provide hand sanitiser for each ringer to use before and after ringing		
Hygiene	Maintain good hygiene to avoid cross contamination	Avoid touching your face, fiddling with face coverings, etc		
Hygiene	Maintain good hygiene to avoid cross contamination	Avoid touching anything it is not essential to touch whilst in the ringing room or church.		

Register	Know who was present to communicate contacts, if	Keep a register of attendees at each		
	asked	session		
legister	Know who was present to communicate contacts, if	Comply with the church's register of		
	asked	attendees		
Access to	the Ringing Chamber			
	reach the ringing chamber? Is it a ground floor tower with a la	rge opening to the church? Is it only a limited n	umber of steps	to the ringing
•	u have to climb a long staircase? Is it a difficult access with are	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•	0 0
stairways	None –Ground floor ringing room.	None required, should all be		
•		captured in previous section.		
Stairways	Short easy staircase, (approx a single storey) with no	Each household to access at intervals		
	need to use a handrail	to allow each ringer to exit the		
		staircase at the top before the next		
		enters at the bottom.		
Stairways	Longer staircase, still no need to use a handrail	Each household to access at intervals,		
		allowing at least 30 seconds between		
		adjacent ringers/households.		
tairways	Longer staircase, still no need to use a handrail	Ascend without gaining on the		
		person in front, consider allowing a		
		longer interval after those known to		
		be slower.		
Stairways	Staircase with need to use handrail/other aid due to	Each household to access at intervals,		
	length or complexity at certain points	allowing at least 30 seconds between		
		adjacent ringers/households.		
Stairways	Staircase with need to use handrail/other aid due to	Ascend at designated intervals,		
	length or complexity at certain points	without gaining on the person in		
		front, consider access in order of		
		speed of climbing, slowest last.		
tairways	Staircase with need to use handrail/other aid due to	Touch points sanitised on a regular		
	length or complexity at certain points	basis, as part of the church's cleaning		
		regime – must be documented		
tairways	Staircase with need to use handrail/other aid due to	Sanitiser provided in ringing room –		
	length or complexity at certain points	to be used on entry to ringing		
		chamber/returning to ground level,		
		after touching handrail/other aid.		
Stairways	Staircase with need to use handrail/other aid due to	Consider provision of gloves for		
	length or complexity at certain points	access, to avoid multiple people		

		touching the same access aid in quick succession. To be disposed of after a single use.
Stairways	Ringers needing assistance on the stairs or access route	Unless they can be assisted by a member of their household or bubble, ringers needing assistance should not be invited to gain access to the ringing room
Doors	Door into ringing room has no window	Consider arranging arrival at time to start ringing, staggering entrance
Doors	Door into ringing room has no window	Consider notice 'do not enter until ringing stops and invited in' so that people inside can clear doorway.
Doors	Door into ringing room has no window	Consider asking people to wait at the bottom of the stairs until ringing ceases, then coming up. Avoids people waiting on the stairs and allows the door to be free of people when the newcomers enter.

In the ringing room – physical layout

It may help to draw a plan of the chamber, marking rope positions, doors, windows, ventilation, seating and anything else of note. This does not need to be to scale, a sketch with measurements is equally as helpful.

Ventilation	Door/windows in 4 walls can be opened to provide	Ventilation adequate, no additional
	through draughts	actions required
Ventilation	Door/windows in 4 walls can be opened to provide through draughts	Consider a fan in one opening to encourage ventilation even if the wind is not in a convenient direction (location to be considered with care to avoid adding trip hazard, fan falling dangers etc) Ventilation should be a gentle breeze to encourage air changes, not a gale sufficient to blow sallies around!
Ventilation	Door/windows in opposite walls can be opened to provide through draughts	Locate a fan in one opening to encourage ventilation even if the wind is not in a convenient direction

		(location to be considered with care to avoid adding trip hazard, fan falling dangers etc)
Ventilation	A door/window and a trap in the ceiling can be opened.	Consider using a fan in the trapdoor to increase ventilation through the chamber by drawing air upwards through the trap (note, this may need multiple fans of considerable strength to be effective, depending on the height of the ringing chamber and size of the trap.) (location to be considered with care to avoid adding trip hazard, fan falling dangers etc)
Ventilation	Multiple openings possible but in adjacent walls.	Consider how to improve ventilation by use of 1 fan blowing air into the room through one window and a second sucking it out through another. (note may need multiple fans to be effective, may need care in positioning to achieve best possible ventilation without adding risks, trip hazard, fan falling dangers etc)
Ventilation	No ventilation possible	Consider limiting number of people and duration, and introducing face coverings, to limit exposure in an enclosed space.
Ventilation	No ventilation possible	Consider delaying ringing until perceived risk diminishes
Ventilation	Regardless of ventilation status	Consider requesting ringers to wear a face covering in order to limit presence of airborne virus
Ventilation	Does the tower have a tendency to damp? The virus will survive longer on damp surfaces.	Consider if a humidifier (does not need to be electrically powered) can be introduced to dry the environment.

Rope	Ropes more than 1.5 m apart (adjacent) and 2 m	No actions over and above the		
locations	apart (across the circle)	remainder of this assessment		
	, , ,	required		
Rope	Ropes at about 1 m (adjacent) and 2 m (across the	Consider which bells can be rung and		
locations	circle)	remain at sufficient distance		
		between households. Can ringers		
		from the same household ring the		
		closer bells?		
Rope	Ropes at about 1 m (adjacent) and 2 m (across the	Request ringers to wear a face		
locations	circle)	covering in order to limit presence of		
		airborne virus (or as required in law)		
Rope	Ropes at about 1 m (adjacent) and 2 m (across the	Ringers to face centre of circle, not		
locations	circle)	the ringer they are following. Side to		
		side poses a lesser risk than face to		
		face contact		
Rope	Seating areas within 2 m of ropes	Consider limiting numbers present to		
locations		just those ringing, no one sitting out		
		while ringing is in progress		
Rope	Ropes closer than 1 m (adjacent and across the circle)	Ringing these bells may be		
locations		considered inadvisable until the		
		perceived risk diminishes		
Clock	Touched at start and end of ringing, could be by	Assign a single person to put these on		
hammers,	multiple people	and off at the start and end of the		
spiders,		session (limiting person contact)		
louvre				
closures (etc)				
Clock	Touched at start and end of ringing, could be by	Assign a single person to put these on		
hammers,	multiple people	and off at the start and end of all		
spiders,		sessions (if <72 hrs between		
louvre		consecutive sessions)		
closures (etc)	To the detailed and a design of the control of the	To the state of th		
Clock	Touched at start and end of ringing, could be by	Touch points sanitised on a regular		
hammers,	multiple people	basis, as part of the church's cleaning		
spiders,		regime – must be documented		
louvre				
closures (etc)				

Food/drink refreshments	Sweetie jar, biscuit tin, kettle and tea mugs, wine bottles etc	To be removed for the duration.		
Paper materials	Access to diagrams, guild newsletters, pew sheets, learning materials etc	To be removed, or placed out of bounds, for the duration		
Paper materials	Access to diagrams, guild newsletters, pew sheets, learning materials etc	Paper materials to be provided by the ringers themselves – provide files for printing by ringers as needed. No sharing of materials		
Paper materials	Access to diagrams, guild newsletters, pew sheets, learning materials etc	To be made available electronically for reading at home		
Paper materials	Access to diagrams, guild newsletters, pew sheets, learning materials etc	Paper materials to be provided one per person (if strictly necessary) No sharing of materials		
Paper materials	Register taken	To be completed by one person, to avoid multiple people using the same pen		
Paper materials	Register taken	Comply with any register of entry and exit as maintained by the church		
Paper materials	Visitors book	To be removed for the duration		
Paper materials	Visitors book	To be completed by one person, to avoid multiple people using the same pen		
Furniture	Moveable chairs, tables, book shelves etc. These may be positioned to prevent suitable social distancing.	Consider moving or removing furniture temporarily to allow for improved flow and distribution of people		
Furniture	Moveable chairs, tables, book shelves etc. These may be positioned to limit good ventilation.	Consider moving or removing furniture temporarily to allow for improved ventilation		
Furniture	Moveable chairs, tables etc. presenting as a touch point (Furniture that is touched repeatedly may cause a similar infection risk to door handles and other touch points)	Consider moving or removing furniture temporarily to remove unnecessary touch points.		
Furniture	Moveable chairs, tables etc. presenting as a touch point (Furniture that is touched repeatedly may	Consider signage, tape other indication to reduce likelihood of furniture being used/touched.		

	cause a similar infection risk to door handles and other touch points)					
Furniture	Moveable chairs, tables etc. presenting as a touch point (Furniture that is touched repeatedly may cause a similar infection risk to door handles and other touch points)	Touch points sanitised on a regular basis, as part of the church's cleaning regime – must be documented (especially if <72 hours between successive ringing occasions)				
Furniture	Moveable boxes that need to be put into place and returned	Assign a single person to put these in place and return (limiting multiple person contact)				
In the Ringing Room – Planning						

Consider when you ring, what is the interval between sessions; if less than 72 hours, additional considerations may be needed. Consider who is coming to ring, how many people can the tower accommodate, how many bells can you ring while maintaining social distancing between households, what age group and health status are your ringers. Which bells do you choose to ring when limiting ringers to bells

Population	People congregate around the ringing room entrance	Ask everyone to move away from the		
distribution	 not maintaining social distancing 	door on entry to facilitate access.		
Population	People stand and chat in ringing room – not	Consider how to distribute people to		
distribution	maintaining social distancing	maintain a safe distance.		
Population	People stand and chat in ringing room – not	Consider markers for safe distances		
distribution	maintaining social distancing	on the floor		
Population	People stand and chat in ringing room – not	Consider marker of safe distance on		
distribution	maintaining social distancing	the wall, as a visual reminder of how		
		far 2 m is.		
Population	Number present – not able to maintain social	Consider if you need to limit numbers		
distribution	distancing	of attendees.		
Population	Number present – not able to maintain social	Unexpected visitors may been to be		
distribution	distancing	turned away		
Population	Those present all from 1 household	None needed over and above the		
distribution		rest of this assessment		
Population	Those present from multiple households	If you're able to could you restrict		
distribution		number of households present at any		
		one time		
Population	Those present from multiple households	Consider requesting ringers to wear a		
distribution		face covering in order to limit		
		presence of airborne virus		

Population	Those present from multiple households	Consider limiting the duration of		
distribution		ringing to limit exposure between		
		households.		
Population	Those present from multiple households	Provide hand sanitiser to minimise		
distribution		potential cross contamination		
Population	Ringers attending multiple sessions, increasing cross	Ringers to confine themselves to a		
distribution	contamination risk	limited number of different ringing		
		towers		
Population	Ringers attending multiple sessions, increasing cross	Ringers ring together at multiple		
distribution	contamination risk	towers – ringing takes place at		
		multiple towers but with the same		
		(or very similar) population.		
Rope contact	Multiple ringers on the same bell in one ringing	Consider limiting 1 person to 1 bell		
	session (cross contamination risk)	(or 1 household of n people to n		
		bells) for the duration of a ringing		
		session (including ringing up & down)		
Rope contact	Multiple ringers on the same bell in one ringing	Use hand sanitiser to clean hands		
	session (cross contamination risk)	before and after each piece of ringing		
Rope contact	Multiple ringers on the same bell in quick succession	Consider using anti bacterial wipes to		
	(cross contamination risk)	clean ropes between ringers (Note –		
		this is probably more effective on tail		
		ends than sallys)		
Rope contact	Multiple ringers on the same bell in less than 24	Consider using anti bacterial wipes to		
	hours (cross contamination risk)	clean ropes between ringers (Note –		
		this is probably more effective on tail		
		ends than sallies)		
Session	Number of ringers present. More people increases	Consider ringing the minimum		
Planning	contamination risk	number of bells appropriate for the		
		occasion.		
Session	Ringing heavier bells expends more energy and	Consider a lighter set of bells (taking		
	involves heavier beils expends more energy and involves heavier breathing effort.	into account rope spacing) if the		
planning	involves heavier breathing enort.	option presents itself. The front 6		
		versus the back 6, for instance.		

Session planning	Avoid need for loud shouting or excess conducting, as involves heavier breathing effort	If the bells are loud, keep ringing compositions simple to minimise need for conducting		
Session planning	Avoid need for loud shouting or conducting, as involves heavier breathing effort	Keep method selection within the scope of the ringers present to minimise need for conducting		
Session planning	Standing behind a learner to give advice	Not possible – ring within range of those ringing. Keep it simple initially		
Session planning	Teaching a learner face to face	If the tutor and learner are from the same household or bubble, a teaching session could be considered, ensuring that this does not have an adverse effect on the rest of this assessment		
Session planning	Teaching a learner face to face	Not possible – postpone initial learning until restrictions are cancelled.		
Intervals between ringing	Calculate interval between consecutive ringing sessions. >48 hours	None required over and above the remainder of this assessment		
Intervals between ringing	Calculate interval between consecutive ringing sessions <48 hours	Touch points within the ringing room to be sanitised between sessions, as part of the church's cleaning regime – must be documented		
Duration of ringing	Infection risk increases the longer people spend in close proximity.	Restrict ringing to a set time. This may be influenced by items such as ventilation, number present, and other control measures in this assessment		